

SAFE HARBOR



FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This communication contains certain forward-looking statements, relating to the Company's business, which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "estimates", "believes", "expects", "may", "will", "should", "future", "potential" or similar expressions or by general discussion of strategy, plans or intentions of the Company. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results of operations, financial condition, performance, achievements or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Such factors include, among others, the following: uncertainties related to results of our clinical trials, the uncertainty of regulatory approval and commercial uncertainty, reimbursement and drug price uncertainty, the absence of sales and marketing experience and limited manufacturing capabilities, attraction and retention of technologically skilled employees, dependence on licenses, patents and proprietary technology, dependence upon collaborators, future capital needs and the uncertainty of additional funding, risks of product liability and limitations of insurance, limitations of supplies,

competition from other biopharmaceutical, chemical and pharmaceutical companies, environmental, health and safety matters, availability of licensing arrangements, currency fluctuations, adverse changes in governmental rules and fiscal policies, civil unrest, acts of God, acts of war, and other factors referenced in this communication.

Given these uncertainties, prospective investors and partners are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to update any such forward-looking statements to reflect future events or developments.

This material is not intended as an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of shares of Heidelberg Pharma AG. This material may not be distributed within countries where it may violate applicable law.

ATAC® is a registered trademark of Heidelberg Pharma Research GmbH.

ITAC™, ETAC™ are pending trademark applications of Heidelberg Pharma Research GmbH.



OVERVIEW

CORPORATE HIGHLIGHTS



PROPRIETARY PAYLOADS, WHOLLY-OWNED ASSETS & PARTNERED ADCs



Lead ADC Program HDP-101 (BCMA-ATAC):

- Proprietary Amanitin Payload (patent exclusivity)
- Overcome resistance due to new MOA
- HDP-101 Phase I/IIa ongoing in RRMM
- 50% ORR in Cohort 5 with no signs of ocular or renal toxicities, myelosuppression or liver damage including one complete remission
- Delivering RP2D in H2 2025



Amanitin & Exatecan based ADC Pipeline in Liquid & Solid Tumors



Complete GMP Manufacturing Supply Chain



Strong IP Portfolio Including Platform, Payload, Assets, Method of Use and Predictive Biomarker

- 39 patent families, 30 thereof ATAC related
- 400 patents, 350 thereof ATAC related
- Subcutaneous administration
- Patient stratification with 17p biomarker



Technology and Asset Partnerships Maximize Value of Pipeline



Cash Runway Into 2027*

*taking into account the milestone payment of \$70 million from HealthCare Royalty

ADC = antibody-drug conjugate MOA = mode of action, RRMM = Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma, ORR = overall response rate, RP2D = Recommended Phase 2 Dose, CTA= clinical trial application

MANAGEMENT TEAM





Professor Andreas Pahl
Chief Executive Officer

@ Heidelberg Pharma since 2012

Professor of Pharmacology and Toxicology at the University of Erlangen-Nuremberg (FAU) with 25 years experience in research and higher education

PhD in chemistry from the University of Berlin





Walter Miller
Chief Financial Officer

@ Heidelberg Pharma since 2023

25 years experience in corporate finance, M&A, strategic controlling, accounting and corporate development MBA from the University of Aachen





András Strassz, MD Chief Medical Officer

@ Heidelberg Pharma since 2020







George Badescu, PhDChief Business Officer

@ Heidelberg Pharma since 2018







Jörg Kemkowski, VMDChief Operating Officer

@ Heidelberg Pharma since 2023





STRONG IN-HOUSE R&D CAPABILITIES AND EXPERTISE





Synthetic chemistry



Antibody generation & bioconjugation



Preclinical testing



CMC



Bioanalytical sciences



Clinical Development

Best ADC candidate in the shortest time

VALUE CREATION THROUGH DEVELOPMENT OF BEST-IN-CLASS ADC ASSETS

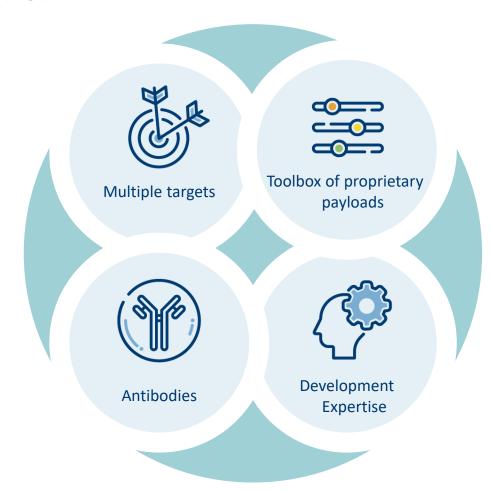


DISCOVERY & DEVELOPMENT ENGINE

Scouting

Partnering

In-licensing



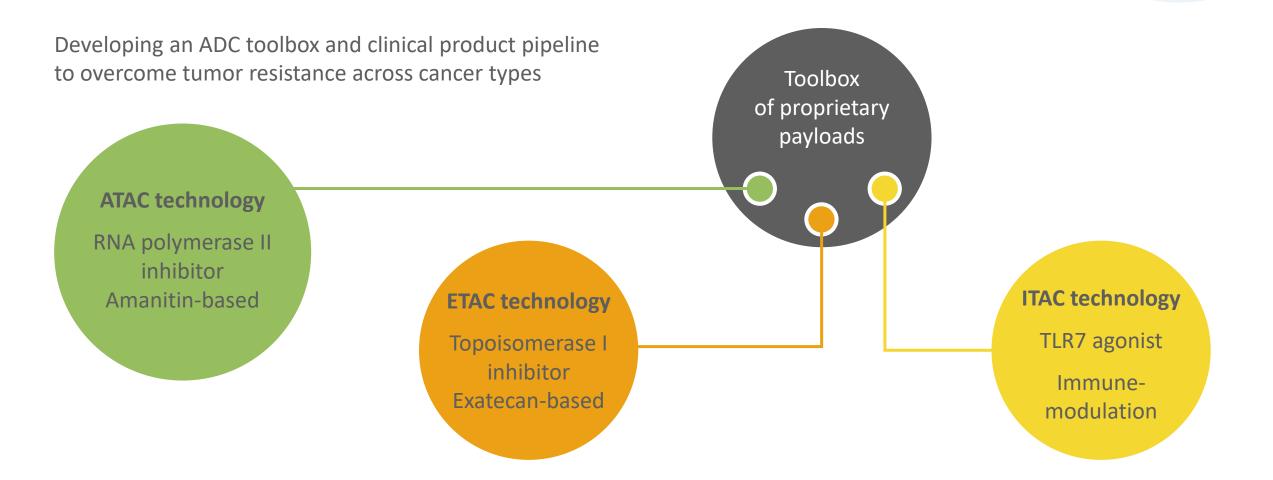
Partnering at INDready, First clinical data, EOP1, Clinical POC

Co-Development

Upside: Retain territorial rights for potential commercialization

NEXT GENERATION ADC PAYLOAD PLATFORM





Novel Payloads + Different Antibodies = Development Candidates with Differentiated MOAs

GROWING PIPELINE OF PROPRIETARY PROGRAMS



	Product	Target	Indication	Research	Preclinic	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Approval	Partner
ATAC pipeline	HDP-101	ВСМА	Multiple Myeloma							Huadong (China+)
	HDP-102	CD37	NHL (DLBCL/CLL)							Proprietary
ATAC p	HDP-103	PSMA	Prostate cancer							Huadong (China+)
	HDP-104	GCC	Gastrointestinal cancers (e.g. CRC)							Huadong (Option China+)
	Product	Target	Indication	Research	Preclinic	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III		Partner
TOPOI	HDP-201	GCC	Colorectal cancer							Proprietary

GROWING PIPELINE OF PARTNERED PROGRAMS



	Product	Target	Indication	Research	Preclinic	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Approval	Partner
ATAC Partners	TAK-ATAC	n/a	Oncology							Takeda
Legacy Assets	Product	Target	Indication	Research	Preclinic	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Approval	Partner
	TLX250-CDx	CA-IX	Kidney cancer							Telix
	TLX250-CDx	CA-IX	Bladder cancer							Telix
	TLX250	CA-IX	Kidney cancer							Telix
	RHB-107		COVID-19							RedHill



ADC TECHNOLOGIES

RESISTANCE IS ONE OF THE BIGGEST CHALLENGES IN ONCOLOGY

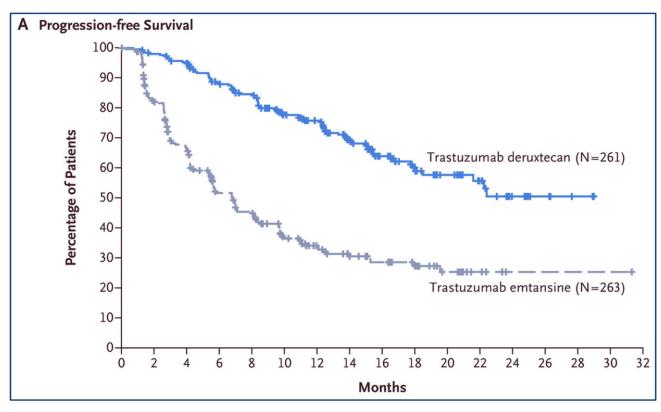






THE PAYLOAD MOA IS WHAT MAKES THE DIFFERENCE!





- Enhertu[®]
 Payload: deruxtecan (Topo 1 inhibitor)
- Kadcyla®
 Payload: emtansine (Tubulin inhibitor)

Source: Cortés, J. et al, N Engl J Med 2022; 386:1143-1154

Same target (HER2), same antibody (Trastuzumab), same patient population

ATACs ARE ADCs WITH AMANITIN AS A PAYLOAD



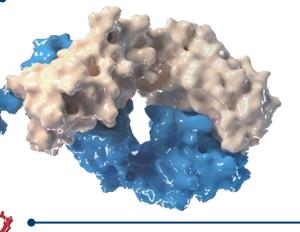
Payload: α-Amanitin

Identified in Amanita phalloides mushroom

- Completely novel MoA:
 - Inhibition of RNA Polymerase II
 - Kills dormant/non-dividing tumor cells
 - Circumvents resistance via new mechanism
- Synthetic amanitin derivatives with improved properties
- GMP manufacturing via fully synthetic process

Antibody

Targeting tumor antigen

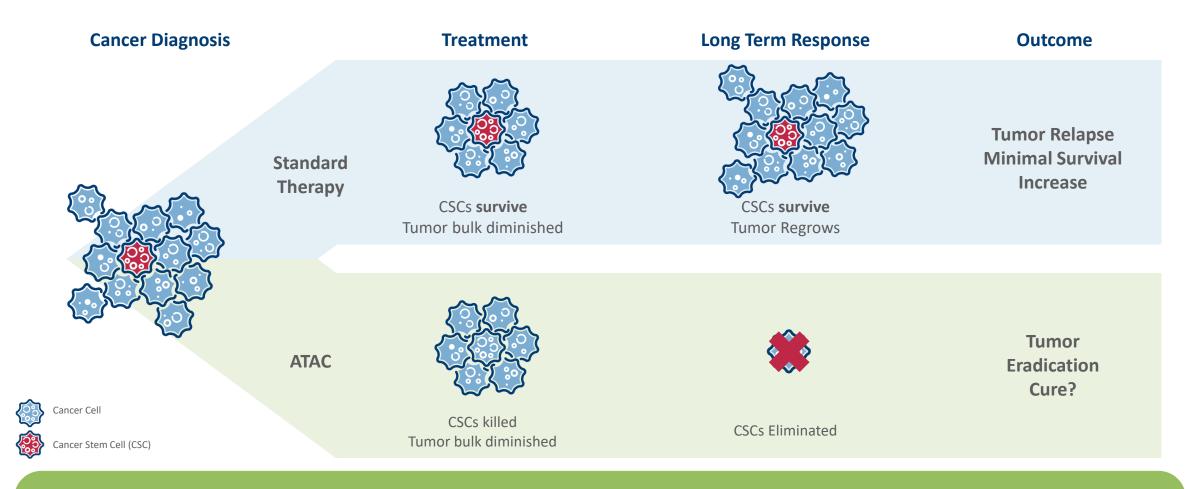


Site-specific conjugation

- Proprietary engineered cysteine conjugation sites enable homogenous ADC production
- Reduced Fcγ-receptor binding for improved therapeutic index (TI)
- Drug-Antibody Ratio (DAR) = 2.0

ATACs ADDRESS THE LIMITATIONS OF CURRENT CANCER THERAPIES



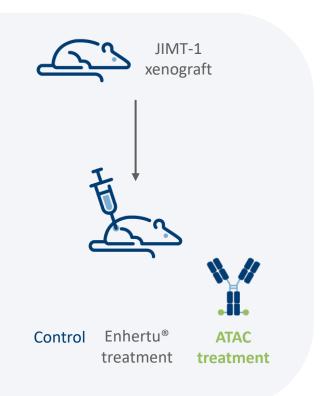


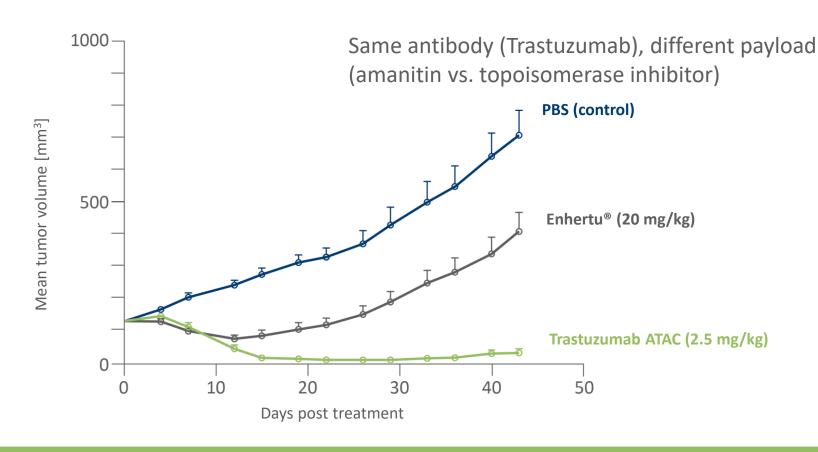
Amanitin has a mechanism of cytotoxicity that is radically different from that of conventional chemotherapy

ATACs OVERCOME RESISTANCE



BREAST CANCER MODEL (JIMT-1 XENOGRAFT) IS RESISTANT TO KADCYLA® AND ENHERTU®

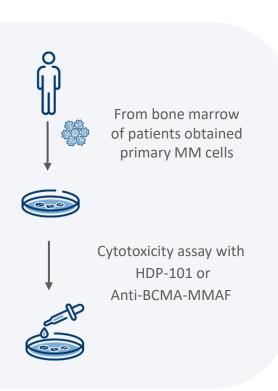




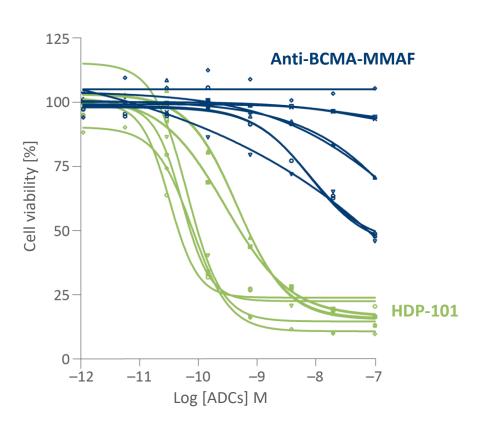
Trastuzumab ATAC leads to complete remission in resistant mouse model after single-dose

HDP-101 OVERCOMES RESISTANCE IN MULTIPLE MYELOMA

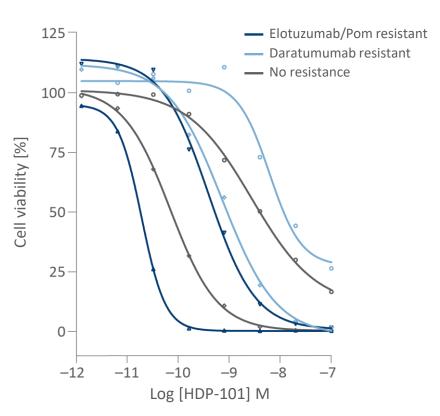




Kills non-dividing tumor cells unlike other ADC therapeutics



Effectively kills cells from patients multi-refractory to SOC

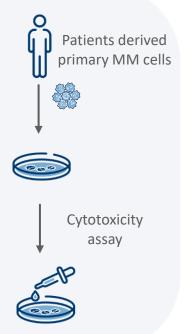


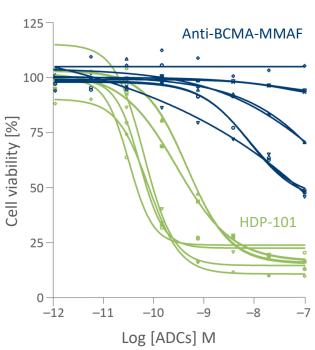
Collaboration with Heidelberg Myeloma Center, Marc-Steffen Raab | Source: Figueroa-Vazquez et al., Pahl, 2021; Mol Cancer Ther.

HDP-101 OVERCOMES RESISTANCE IN MULTIPLE MYELOMA

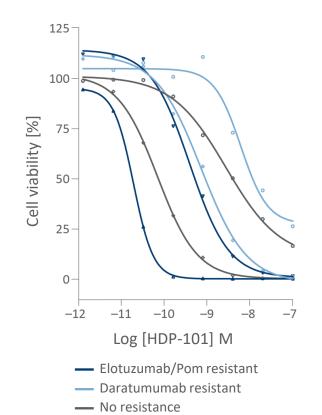


Kills Non-Dividing Tumor Cells

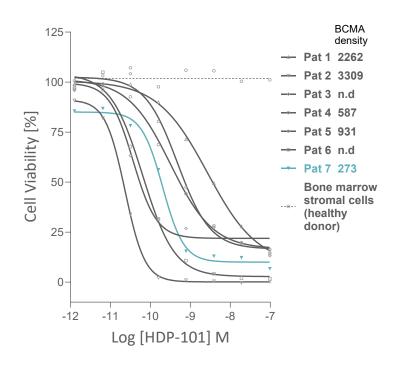




Effectively Kills Cells from Patients Multi-Refractory to SOC



Kills cells with ultra-low antigen expression



Collaboration with Heidelberg Myeloma Center Marc-Steffen Raab Source: Figueroa-Vazquez et al., Pahl, 2021; Mol Cancer Ther.

DEL(17p): POTENTIAL PREDICTIVE BIOMARKER



Deletion of TP53 (tumor suppressor)

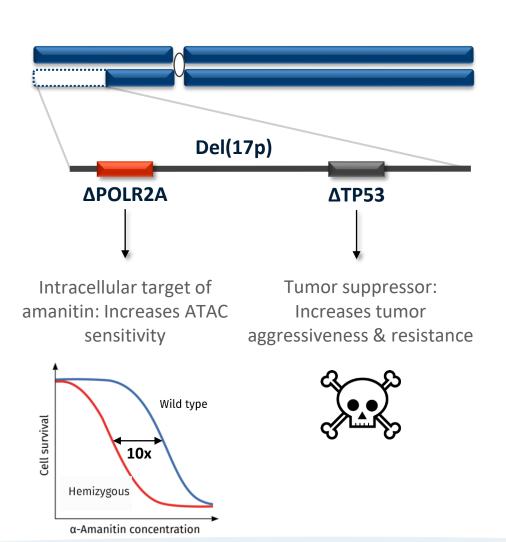
- High incidence
- More aggressive tumors resistant to SoC and poor prognosis

Deletion of RNA Polymerase II (POLR2A is co-deleted)

• Higher sensitivity to ATAC treatment

Occurs only in tumor cells

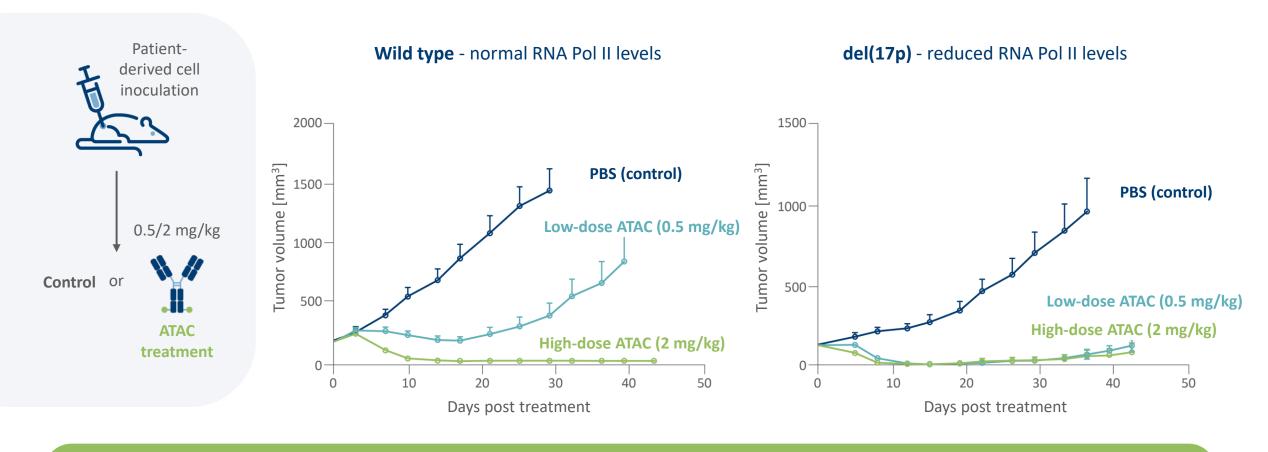
- Wider therapeutic window in patients with del(17p) tumors
- Across cancer indications and tumor types



DEL(17p): POTENTIAL PREDICTIVE BIOMARKER



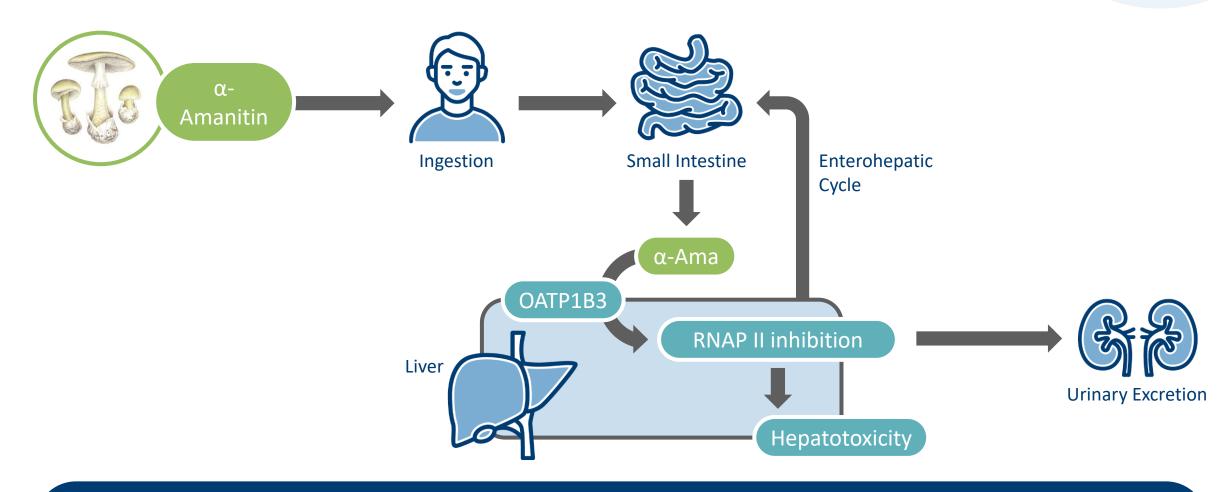
HER2 1+ PATIENT-DERIVED XENOGRAFT MODELS



Less amanitin is required to kill del(17p) cells \rightarrow Wider therapeutic index in patients with del(17p) tumors

TOXICITY MECHANISM OF α -AMANITIN IN HUMANS





Upon mushroom intoxication α -amanitin leads to hepatotoxicity by specific uptake of the toxin into hepatocytes via the OATP1B3 transporter

MULTIPLE MYELOMA AND 17p DELETION

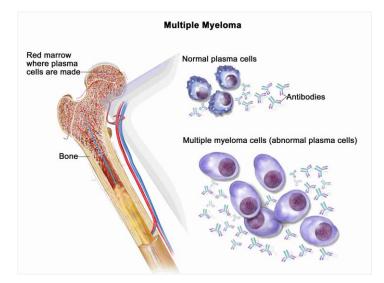


MULTIPLE MYELOMA (MM)

- Malignancy characterized by clonal plasma cell expansion in the bone marrow
- Despite substantial improvements in PF and OS, MM patients eventually relapse

DEL(17p) IN MM

- Deletion identified in app. 10% of newly diagnosed MM patients
- Alterations more frequent in late stages of the disease and associated with treatment resistance



Source: 2014 Terese Winslow LLC U.S. Govt. Has certain rights



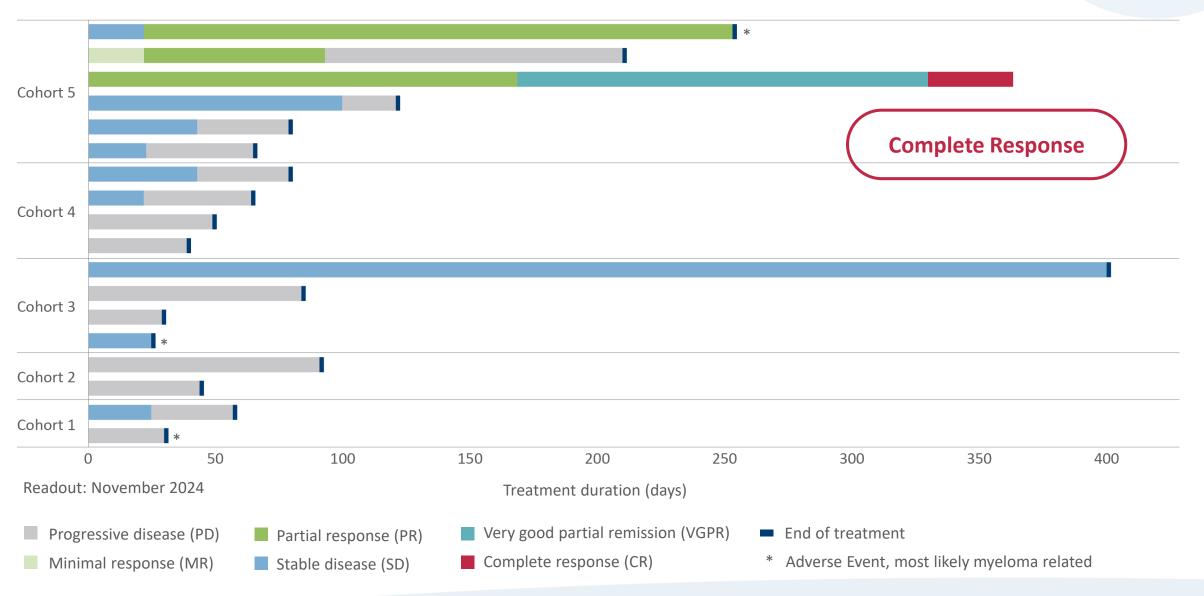
Source: healthcare-in-europe.com



Source: Heidelberg Pharma

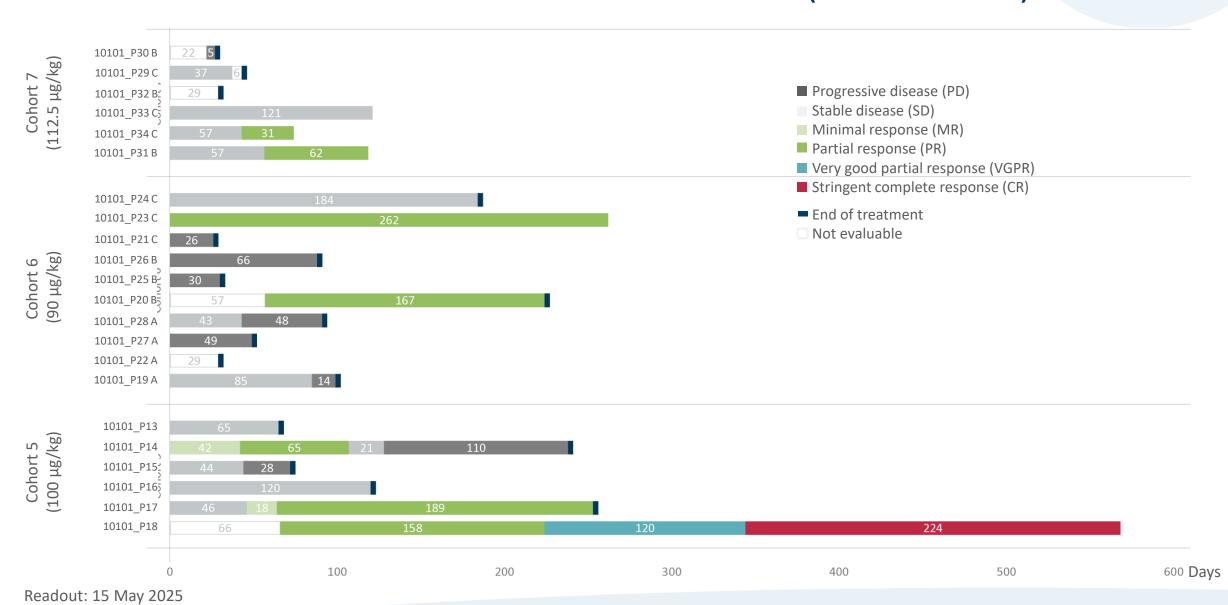
HDP-101 – PHASE I PRELIMINARY EFFICACY DATA





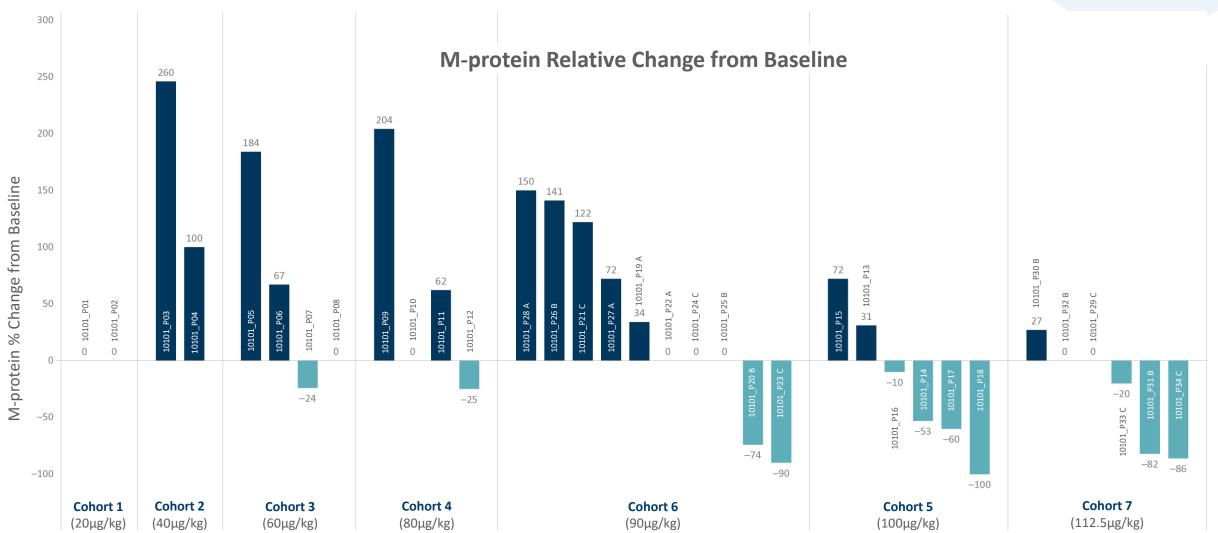
HDP-101: PHASE I PRELIMINARY EFFICACY DATA (COHORT 5-7) PHARMA





DOSE-DEPENDENT EFFICACY OF HDP-101 TREATMENT





Note: Patients displayed with '0%' were not evaluable or not measurable for M-protein but had evidence of progressive disease and discontinued the study for progressive disease

Readout: 15 May 2025

CASE SUMMARY: IN COHORT 5 COMPLETE RESPONSE



Female Patient with Stage II IgG-K Myeloma Since 2002

- 9 prior lines of therapies including transplant, IMiDs, PIs, and Daratumumab
- Last 3 treatment regimens & response:

7th line: α-BCMA CAR-T (Aug-2018) VGPR

8th line: GPRC5D/CD3 Bi-specific Antibody (Jul-2020) CR

9th line: Iber-Dex (Jan 2022) PR

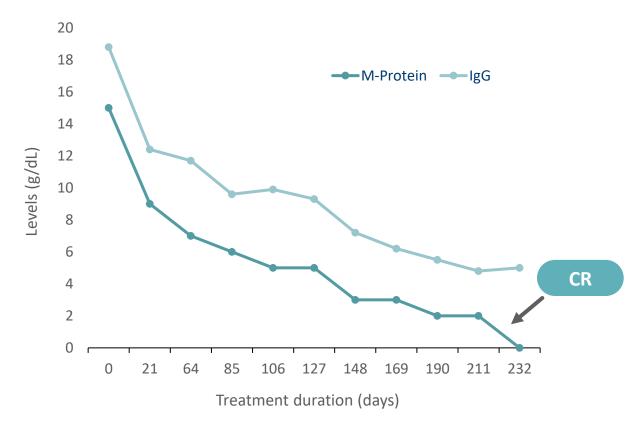
Started HDP-101 (100 μg/kg) in Oct 2023

- PR in cycle 2 (64 days of HDP-101), CR after cycle 11 (232 days of HDP-101) and sCR confirmed at day 344 (bone marrow biopsy)
- Continues on treatment

Treatment well tolerated

- Overall mild AEs: No AESI, no DLT, no SAE
- No keratopathy, liver damage or lung toxicity
- No signs of ocular or renal toxicities
- Transient Grade 3 thrombocytopenia in cycle 1

M-protein & IgG change over 11 cycles of HDP-101



VGPR = very good partial response (>90% reduction from baseline of m-protein) | IMiDs = immunomodulatory drugs | PIs = protease inhibitors | CR = complete response | sCR = stringent complete response | PR = partial response | AESI = adverse event of special interest | DLT = dose limiting toxicity | SAE = serious adverse events

DOSE OPTIMIZATION STRATEGIES FROM COHORT 6



After Cohort 5, a detailed safety analysis was performed in January 2025

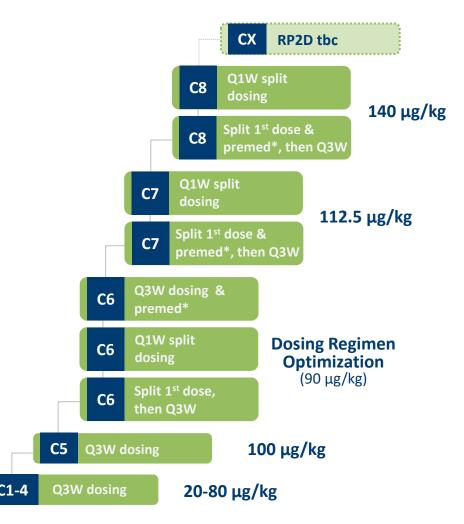
For cohort 6, the Safety Review Committee (SRC) recommended

- to continue the clinical study and
- mitigate the transient platelet reductions after the first dose
 - Arm A: premedication with corticosteroids and antihistamine
 - Arm B: weekly dosing
 - Arm C: splitting the first cycle dose

Additional changes included adjustment of dose escalation and additional safety measures

Cohort 7 continued with two most promising dose regimens

- Arm A: weekly dosing
- Arm B: splitting the first cycle dose & premedication



Cohort 7 Summary and Cohort 8 Outlook



Cohort 7 has been completed

- The dose level is at maximum escalation according to study protocol using dose distribution
 - Weekly dose (amendment planned to allow switch between weekly and 3 weekly dosing)
 - Split first dose combined with premedication, followed by every 3-week dosing
- 6 patients enrolled (3 in each arm)
- No DLTs reported
- SRC confirmed the safety of 112.5 $\mu g/kg$ and recommended to escalate to 140 $\mu g/kg$ for both arms
- Efficacy data collection and review ongoing

Cohort 8 is open

- The dose level is at maximum escalation according to study protocol using dose distribution: 140 μg/kg
- Weekly dose (amendment planned to allow switch between weekly and 3 weekly dosing)
- Split first dose combined with premedication, followed by every 3-week dosing

So far, 34 heavily treated patients received HDP-101.

HDP-101 monotherapy showed favorable safety and demonstrated efficacy, with stabilization of disease and partial responses in some patients who progressed on FDA-approved treatments including anti-BCMA CAR-T and GPRC5D/CD3 bi-spec

HDP-101 OVERVIEW



Unique preclinical features

Efficacious against dormant tumor cells

Efficacious in ultra-low BCMA-expressing tumor cells

Novel mechanism to which all patients will be naïve

No ocular toxicity seen thus far

del(17p) tumors → Predictive Biomarker

Potential clinical benefit

Stronger & longer lasting tumor response

Deeper responses and higher response rate

Overcome resistance

Superior safety profile

Breakthrough designation and accelerated approval

HDP-101 has best-in-class potential

NEXT ATAC CANDIDATE: HDP-102 IN NON-HODGKIN LYMPHOMA



Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL) is one of the more common types of cancer

- Non-Hodgkin lymphoma covers an array of different malignant diseases of the lymphatic system that differ significantly in their histological structure, disease progression and response to treatment
- Large proportion of NHL patients relapse or do not respond to standard forms of treatment; While the typical response rate to conventional chemotherapies is over 50%, the relapse rate is extremely high
- HDP-102 targets the Antigen CD37 that is overexpressed on B-cell lymphoma cells
- Preclinical trials show broad therapeutic window
- Regulatory approval received for Republic of Moldova, Israel and selected EU countries



Worldwide incidence of NHL is currently more than 550,000 with a mortality of 250,000

FIRST-IN-HUMAN CLINICAL TRIAL WITH HDP-102 IN NON-HODGKIN LYMPHOMA



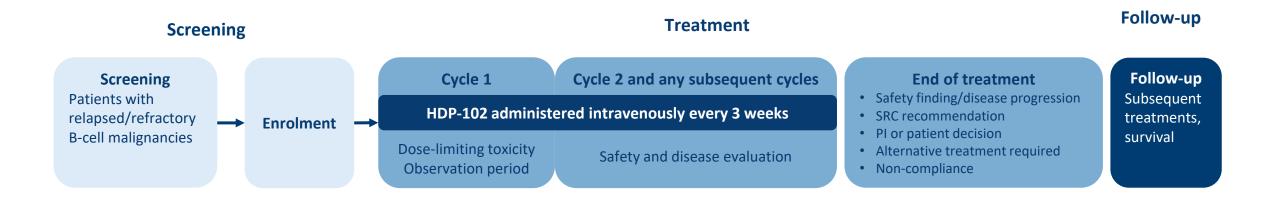
Multicenter, multinational open-label Phase Ia/Ib

PHASE la

- Dose escalation study
- Up to 42 patients with relapsed / refractory B-cell Malignancies
- Evaluate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of HDP-102
- **→** Establish optimal and safe starting dose (RDE) for Phase Ib part

PHASE Ib

- Dose expansion study
- 15 patients



HDP-102 STARTED ENROLLMENT OF PATIENTS IN SPRING 2025





Multicenter, multinational open-label Phase Ia/Ib trial for relapsed/refractory B-cell malignancies



General information

- Broad potential application in B-cell malignancies
- Cohort 1 is completed (40 μg/kg)
- 3 patients enrolled: 1 DLBCL, 1 MZL, 1 SLL
- Clinical sites: Moldova, Romania, Poland



Preliminary Outcome

- Well tolerated treatment
- Preliminary signs of biological activity have been already observed at the very low dose of Cohort 1:
 - stable disease for 2 patients
 - regression of lymph nodes
 - decrease of lymphocytes
- observed in different indications
- SRC recommended to dose escalate in the next cohort (65 μg/kg)

DLBCL = diffuse Large B-cell lymphoma; MZL = marginal zone lymphoma; SLL = small-cell lymphocytic lymphoma

NEXT ATAC CANDIDATE: HDP-103 IN PROSTATE CANCER



Prostate cancer is the second most common cancer in men

- Improved diagnostic methods combined with increasing life expectancy supports the forecast that the number of new cases each year will rise from 1.5 million to 2.6 million by 2045
- PSMA is overexpressed in nearly all cases of prostate cancer; limited expression in normal tissue
- Target indication is metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer (mCRPC)
- Prevalence of 17p deletion in mCRPC is 60%
- 17p biomarker has been validated preclinically for prostate cancer (Nature Commun. 2018 22:4394)
- Preclinical and toxicology studies largely completed

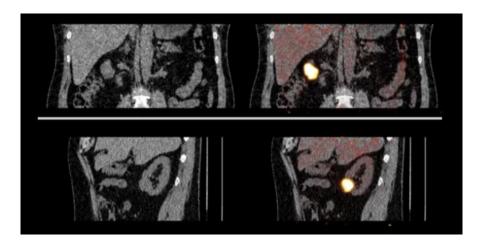


Worldwide incidence of prostate cancer is currently about 1.5 m with a mortality of nearly 400,000

LEGACY PORTFOLIO: PARTNER TELIX BRINGS TLX250-CDx TO THE PATIENTS



Imaging of kidney cancer to better distinguish benign or malignant lesions



Status



- Expanded Access Program in 30 centres in Europe and US
- BLA submission accepted by the FDA,
 PDUFA date: 27 August 2025 (marketing approval)
- Telix plans for potential market launch in H2 2025
- Heidelberg Pharma will profit with milestone payments from HCRx and later royalty streams directly from Telix

Kidney cancer rates have doubled in the last 50 years

430,000

people were diagnosed with kidney cancer globally in 2020

180,000

people died from kidney cancer globally in 2020

84,000

kidney / urinary biopsies or surgeries performed annually in the US 80%

of small renal masses are thought to be malignant

12%

5-year survival rate for metastatic renal cell carcinoma

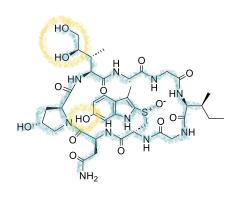
Source: Telix website

Strong IP Portfolio – From Payload to Patient Use



39 Patent families 30 thereof ATAC related

400 Patents 350 thereof ATAC related









Payload

Amatoxin Synthesis & Derivatives

ATAC Platform

Cysteine-engineered mAbs

Antibodies & Products

HDP-101 (anti-BCMA ATAC)

HDP-102 (anti-CD37 ATAC)

HDP-103 (anti-PSMA ATAC)

HDP-104 (anti-GUCY2C ATAC)

Human anti-BCMA and PSMA mAbs

Patient & Tumor

Biomarker for Stratification of High-risk Patients

Dosing & Treatment Regimens



FINANCIALS

FINANCES – AS OF 31 MAY 2025



Total Assets (including cash)	€62.5M
Healthcare Royalty agreement	\$70M available upon approval*
Equity	€18.5M
Common shares	46.8M
Major Shareholders	dievini & affiliated parties 44%, Huadong Medicine 35%

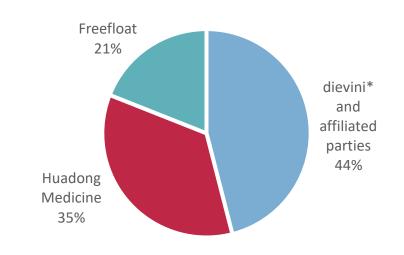
Cash as of 31 May 2025 and expected payment from HCRx to fund operations into 2027

^{*}Expected 70.0m from HealthCare Royalty expected to extend operations into 2027

FINANCIALS AND SHAREHOLDINGS



In € m	Guidance 2025	H1 2025	H1 2024
Sales revenue and other income	9.0 – 11.0	5.0	6.3
Operating expenses	(40.0) - (45.0)	(18.0)	(15.6)
Cost of sales		(0.1)	(1.4)
R&D costs		(13.5)	(10.6)
Administrative costs		(3.4)	(3.0)
Other expenses		(1.0)	(0.6)
Operating result (EBIT)	(30.0) – (35.0)	(13.1)	(9.3)
Net result for the period		(12.6)	(8.7)



BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MAY 2025



Assets (€ m)	31.05.2025	30.11.2024
Non-current assets	13.2	13.2
Other current assets	16.0	18.1
Cash	33.3	29.4
	62.5	60.7

Equity and liabilities (€ m)	31.05.2025	31.11.2024
Non-current liabilities	37.6	21.8
Current liabilities	6.4	8.0
Equity	18.5	30.9
	62.5	60.7



OUTLOOK

LEADING ADC PIPELINE IN LIQUID & SOLID TUMOR INDICATIONS



HDP-101

BCMA-ATAC for r/r Multiple Myeloma

- Phase I/IIa Study dose escalation Cohort 8 ongoing
- Recommended Phase II dose (RP2D) expected in H2 2025
- Phase IIa expected to start in 2025
- Huadong: HDP-101 IND in China approved; starting Phase II in China in 2025

HDP-102

CD37-ATAC for Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

- CTA approval Q4 2024
- Phase Ia/IIb dose escalation study NHL
- HDP-102 will be evaluated in the most promising NHL indications

HDP-103

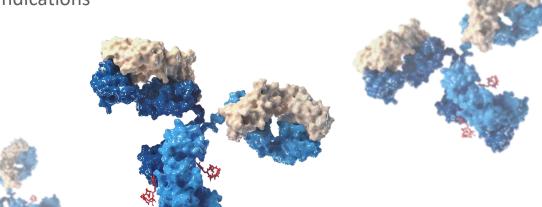
PSMA-ATAC for mCR Prostate Cancer

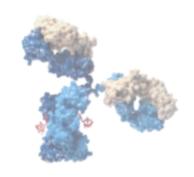
- First-in-Human enabling and GLP tox studies completed
- CTA planned for Q4 2025

HDP-104

GCC-ATAC for colorectal cancer

 IND-enabling and GLP tox studies starting in 2025





GOOD REASONS TO INVEST IN HEIDELBERG PHARMA



HDP-101 positive efficacy data and good tolerability in RRMM are a validation of our Amanitin based technology for future indications

Mid- and long-term financing opportunities by partnering and royalties from out-licensed assets (TLX250-CDx by Telix)



Numerous milestones in the next 36 months offer potential for a significant increase in the Company's valuation

Highly dynamic ADC environment with an attractive global market that is expected to grow to USD 34 billion in 2032¹

Solid cash reach into 2027² ensures implementation of ongoing programs and clinical validation of ADCs

¹Source: market.us

²Received USD 20.0m + expected USD 70.0m from HealthCare Royalty upon market approval of TLX250-CDx

